Rating

-0.5, 6.0

100

500

30

40

150

-55~125

-40~85

Units

mΑ

mW

dBm

dBm

°C

°C

Key Features



Applications



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameters

Drain Current

DC Power Supply Voltage

Input Pulse RF Power, 0.8%

Duty Cycle, 1 mS Period

Channel Temperature

Storage Temperature

Operating Temperature

Total Power Dissipation

Input CW RF Power

- 2.5 ~ 3.5 GHz Up to 5.0 GHz
 0.75 dB Noise Figure
- 0.75 dB Noise Figure
- 20.0 dBm Output IP₃
- 29.0 dB Gain
- 9.0 dBm P_{1dB}
- 1.5:1 VSWR
- Built-in Limiter
- Unconditional Stable
- Unconditional S
 MADE IN USA

- 50 Ohm ImpedanceMobile Infrastructures
- IVIODII3G
- ISM Band
- Measurement
- Fixed Wireless

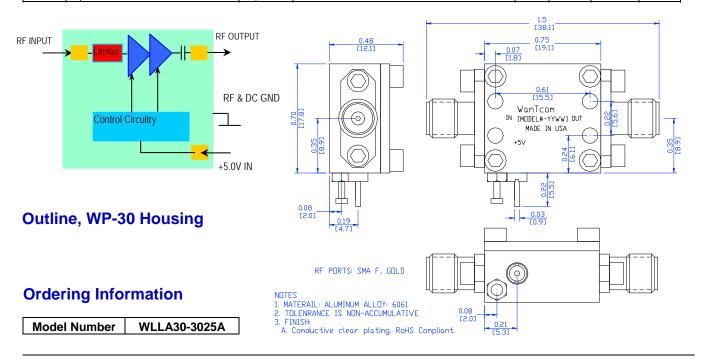


Thermal Resistance °C/W 220
Operation of this device above any one of these parameters may cause permanent damage.

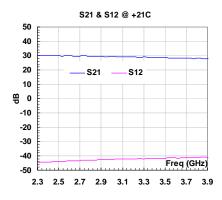
Specifications

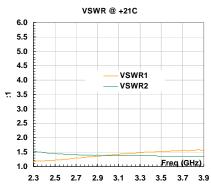
Summary of the electrical specifications WLLA30-3025A at room temperature

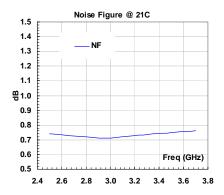
Index	Testing Item	Symbol	Test Constraints	Min	Nom	Max	Unit
1	Gain	S ₂₁	2.5 – 3.5 GHz	27	29	31	dB
2	Gain Variation	ΔG	2.5 – 3.5 GHz		+/- 0.7	+/- 1.0	dB
3	Input VSWR	SWR ₁	2.5 – 3.5 GHz		1.5:1	1.6:1	Ratio
4	Output VSWR	SWR ₂	2.5 – 3.5 GHz		1.5:1	1.6:1	Ratio
5	Reverse Isolation	S ₁₂	2.5 – 3.5 GHz		20		dB
6	Noise Figure	NF	2.5 – 3.5 GHz		0.75	1.0	dB
7	Output 1dB Gain Compression Point	P _{1dB}	2.5 – 3.5 GHz	7	9		dBm
8	Output-Third-Order Interception Point	IP ₃	Two-Tone, P _{out} = 0 dBm each, 1 MHz separation	18	20		dBm
9	DC Current Consumption	I _{dd}	@ 21 °C		40		mA
10	DC Power Supply Voltage	V_{dd}		+4.7	+5.0	+5.3	V
11	Thermal Resistance	R _{th,c}	Junction to case			220	°C/W
12	Operating Temperature	To	Case temperature at the bottom of the housing	-40		+85	°C
13	Maximum Input CW RF Power	P _{IN, MAX}	DC – 13 GHz			30	dBm
14	Input Pulse RF Power		0.8% Duty Cycle, 1 mS Period			40	dBm
15	Spurious	P _{spur}	DC – 13 GHz	-70			dBc

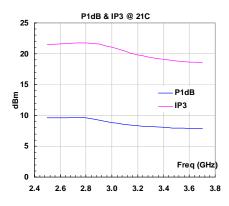


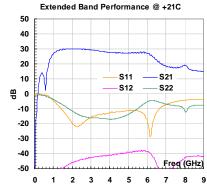
Typical Performance

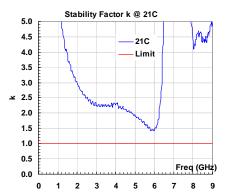












Application Notes

A. SMA Torque Wrench Selection

Always use a torque wrench with 5 ~ 6 inch-lb coupling torque setting for mating the SMA cables to the amplifier. Never use torque more than 8 inch-lb wrench for tightening the mating cable connector to the amplifier connector. Otherwise, the permanent damage will occur to the SMA connectors of the amplifier. 8710-1582 (5 inch-lb) is one of the ideal torque wrench choice from Keysight Technology.

B. Mounting the Amplifier

Use three pieces of #2-56 with longer than 9/16" screws for mounting the amplifier on a metal-based chase. Flat and spring washers are needed to prevent the screw loosening for shock and vibration. Always use the appropriate torque setting of the power screwdriver to mount the screws.

C. Soldering DC Power Supply Wires

Always turn off the DC power supply of +5.0V when connect the DC cables to the amplifier. Only turn on the power supply after the correct connections and +5.0V DC voltage are confirmed. Any accidentally short the live +5.0V to the ground while applying DC cable to the DC feed thru pin may damage the amplifier.

The AWG of 18 ~ 24 insulated wires are recommended for the DC cables. Red and Black color wires are recommended for +5.0V and its return for easier identification of the polarity to avoid the wrong DC bias. Only ¾ to 1 turn wrap around the feed thru pin and ground turret per the IPC standard.

Do not use large soldering iron tip with more than 750 degree Fahrenheit to solder the wire and feed thru pin. Damage may occur to the feed thru. 0.010" size tip with 750 degree Fahrenheit temperature setting is suitable for the soldering works.

Repeat the process to solder the DC return wire on the ground turret. Higher temperature and larger tip can be used for this ground soldering.
