

Key Features

- 2 ~ 50 MHz
- 1.0 dB Noise Figure
- 22.0 dBm Output IP₃
- 23.0 dB Gain
- 9.0 dBm P_{1dB}
- 1.5:1 VSWR
- Single Power Supply
- RoHS Compliant

Specifications

MADE IN USA

Applications

- 50 Ohm Impedance
- SW Communication
- MRI
- Measurement
- Fixed Wireless



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameters	Units	Rating				
DC Power Supply Voltage	V	6.0				
Drain Current	mA	70				
Total Power Dissipation	mW	400				
Input CW RF Power	dBm	13				
Junction Temperature	°C	150				
Storage Temperature	°C	-55~125				
Operating Temperature	°C	-40~85				
Thermal Resistance	°C/W	220				
Operation of this device above any one of these parameters						

may cause permanent damage.

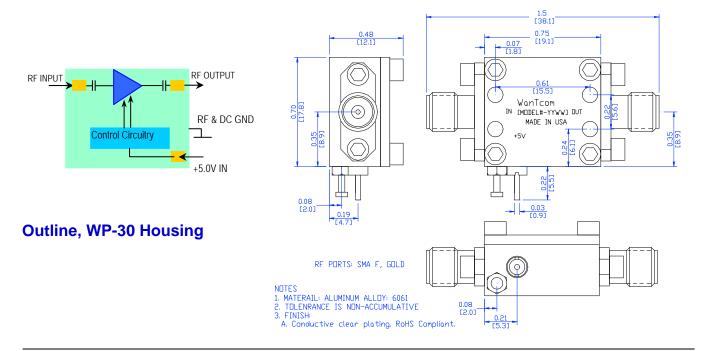
Summary of the electrical specifications WZA113 at room temperature

RoHS

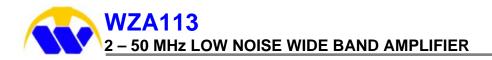
Index	Testing Item	Symbol	Test Constraints	Min	Nom	Max	Unit
1	Gain	S ₂₁	2 – 50 MHz		23		dB
2	Gain Variation	ΔG	2 – 50 MHz		+/- 0.3		dB
3	Input VSWR	SWR ₁	2 – 50 MHz		1.5:1	1.8:1	Ratio
4	Output VSWR	SWR ₂	2 – 50 MHz		1.35:1	1.5:1	Ratio
5	Reverse Isolation	S ₁₂	2 – 50 MHz		20		dB
			10 – 20 MHz		1.0	1.5	dB
6	Noise Figure	NF	20 – 50 MHz		0.7	1.2	
7	Output 1dB Gain Compression Point	P _{1dB}	20 – 50 MHz	6	9		dBm
8	Output-Third-Order Interception Point	IP ₃	Two-Tone, P _{out} = 0 dBm each, 1 MHz separation	18	22		dBm
9	DC Current Consumption	l _{dd}	@ 21 °C		40		mA
10	DC Power Supply Voltage	V _{dd}		+4.7	+5.0	+5.3	V
11	Thermal Resistance	R _{th,c}	Junction to case			220	°C/W
12	Operating Temperature	To	Case temperature at the bottom of the housing	-40		+85	°C
13	Maximum Input CW RF Power	PIN, MAX	DC – 13 GHz			13	dBm
14	Spurious	P _{spur}	DC – 13 GHz	-70			dBc

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ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE SENSITIVE



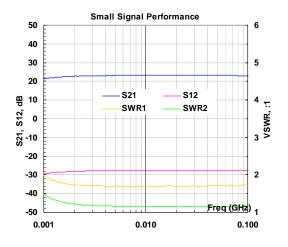
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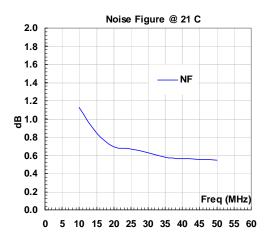


Ordering Information

Model Number WZA113

Typical Performance





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Application Notes

A. SMA Torque Wrench Selection

Always use a torque wrench with $5 \sim 6$ inch-lb coupling torque setting for mating the SMA cables to the amplifier. Never use torque more than 8 inch-lb wrench for tightening the mating cable connector to the amplifier connector. Otherwise, the permanent damage will occur to the SMA connectors of the amplifier. 8710-1582 (5 inch-lb) is one of the ideal torque wrench choice from Keysight Technology.

B. Mounting the Amplifier

Use three pieces of #2-56 with longer than 9/16" screws for mounting the amplifier on a metal-based chase. Flat and spring washers are needed to prevent the screw loosening for shock and vibration. Always use the appropriate torque setting of the power screwdriver to mount the screws.

C. Soldering DC Power Supply Wires

Always turn off the DC power supply of +5.0V when connect the DC cables to the amplifier. Only turn on the power supply after the correct connections and +5.0V DC voltage are confirmed. Any accidentally short the live +5.0V to the ground while applying DC cable to the DC feed thru pin may damage the amplifier.

The AWG of 18 ~ 24 insulated wires are recommended for the DC cables. Red and Black color wires are recommended for +5.0V and its return for easier identification of the polarity to avoid the wrong DC bias. Only $\frac{3}{4}$ to 1 turn wrap around the feed thru pin and ground turret per the IPC standard.

Do not use large soldering iron tip with more than 750 degree Fahrenheit to solder the wire and feed thru pin. Damage may occur to the feed thru. 0.010" size tip with 750 degree Fahrenheit temperature setting is suitable for the soldering works.

Repeat the process to solder the DC return wire on the ground turret. Higher temperature and larger tip can be used for this ground soldering.
